



# $\pi$ Code™ MicroDisc, Pre-activated User Manual

**REF** 80132      20,000 discs

**RUO** For Research Use Only

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 **IMPORTANT:**  
Read the instructions carefully prior to use

## 1. INTENDED USE

Pre-activated  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc is intended for the coupling of proteins, amine-modified nucleic acids, or any molecules containing primary amino group, onto the surface of the microdisc. It is ready to use and allows users to conveniently create their own assays using their own proteins, antibodies or nucleic acid probes. The product is for research use only, it is not intended for the diagnosis, prevention or treatment of human diseases.

## 2. INTRODUCTION

The PlexBio's carboxyl functionalized  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs are designed for robust coupling of proteins, nucleic acids, and amine-containing molecules via an amide bond formation. Using a proprietary chemistry, we create a relatively stable intermediate acylating agent on the carboxyl functionality of microdisc as a "pre-activated" form that reacts readily with the amino groups of the ligands or probes to form a stable amide bond. The Pre-activated  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc is ready to use for the conjugation of proteins or nucleic acids of interest, circumventing the need to perform coupling reaction that is usually tedious and difficult to reproduce quantitatively.

In a typical assay using this system, the coupled  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc is used to capture the biotinylated

target via the surface bound probe or ligand and stained with streptavidin-phycoerythrin (SA-PE) in the following incubation. This fluorescent complex can be analyzed on PlexBio™ 100 Fluorescent Analyzer. The intensity of the fluorescent signal is generally directly proportional to the amount of target on the surface of  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc.

The product of the  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc is provided at scales of  $2 \times 10^4$  discs per vial. The protein-/ nucleic acid-coupled  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc offers a wide variety of multiplexing bioassays that can be analyzed simultaneously by PlexBio's  $\pi$ Code technology.

## 3. WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- For research use only.
- This product should be used by qualified laboratory personnel only.
- Do not use the  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc past its expiration date.
- All chemicals, biological materials and human origin samples should be considered as potentially hazardous and/or infectious and should be treated accordingly.
- Store the  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc according to the product label and instructions.
- Do not mix  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs from different lots.
- Dispose of unused reagents and waste according to applicable central/federal, state, and local regulations.
- General laboratory precautions should be taken:
  - Do not pipette by mouth.
  - Wear protective clothing (e.g., disposable powderless gloves and laboratory coats) and eye protection.
  - Do not eat, drink or smoke in the laboratory.
  - Wash hands thoroughly after handling samples and reagents.
- Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) are available upon request from PlexBio Customer Service.

## 4. STORAGE AND STABILITY

The shipping temperature for the  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc, Pre-activated is at 2-8°C, and the MicroDiscs should be frozen at -20°C upon arrival. The product is guaranteed up to the expiration date found on the label if handled properly.

Once  $\pi$ Code are coupled with proteins or nucleic acids, the stability is largely dependent on the characteristic of the coupled proteins or nucleic acids.

## 5. MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

- Micropipettes
- Filtered Pipette Tips
- Vortex mixer
- Micro-centrifuge (Max RCF: 2000g)
- Rotator (PlexBio Cat No. 80036; 42\*12.5\*16.8 cm)
- Magnetic Stand (for 0.5mL) (PlexBio Cat No. 80014)
- $\pi$ Code Coupling Buffer Set (PlexBio Cat No. 80214)
- IntelliPlex™ 1000  $\pi$ Code Processor (PlexBio Cat No. 80033)
- PlexBio 100 Fluorescent Analyzer (PlexBio Cat No. 80000)
- Lab oven (with adequate capacity to operate Rotator)
- 100% Methanol (for protein and small scale coupling)
- 0.5 mL SuperClear Screw Cap Microtubes (If needed; LABCON; Cat No.3640-870-000)

## 6. RECOMMENDED PROTOCOL

### BUFFER PREPARATION:

**Note:** All the buffers required with an exception of 100% Methanol, are provided in the  $\pi$ Code Coupling Buffer Set (PlexBio; Cat No. 80214).

If users choose to prepare their own buffers, please follow the instructions below to ensure the quality of coupling.

### BUFFER FORMULATION-

#### Blocking Buffer:

- Tris buffered saline (TBS): 50mM Tris-HCl (PH 7.2), 150mM NaCl, 1% BSA, 0.1% NP40, 0.05%  $\text{NaN}_3$

#### Rinse Buffer:

- 1% NP40 in  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$

#### Wash Buffer:

- PBST: PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20, 0.01%  $\text{NaN}_3$

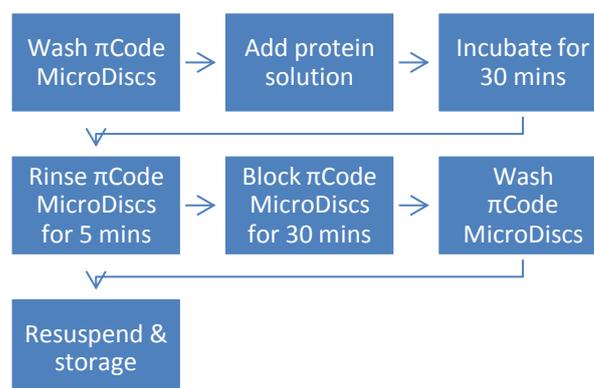
#### Storage Buffer:

- PBS containing 0.1% BSA, 1mM EDTA, 50% Glycerol, 0.05%  $\text{NaN}_3$

## PROTEIN COUPLING NOTES

- This protocol is optimized for coupling of proteins.
- **Protein Solution :**
  - Suggested protein concentration for coupling is approximately **40  $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$** . However, because of the large diversity of protein compositions, the optimal protein concentrations should be determined individually for each protein.
  - Do not dilute the protein in **Tris buffer** or **any amine-containing buffer**.
  - The protein solution should be free of sodium azide, glycerol, or any other amine-containing additives.
- The stability of the protein-coupled  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs is largely dependent on the intrinsic characteristics of the protein.
- This protocol is recommended for coupling 20,000  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc in a vial.

## PROTEIN COUPLING WORKFLOW



## PROTEIN COUPLING PROCEDURE

1. Add 200  $\mu\text{L}$  **ice-cold 100% Methanol** to reconstitute the pre-activated  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc.
2. Vortex the tube for 30 seconds.
3. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs at the bottom.
4. Place the tube into the magnetic stand (for 0.5mL; Cat No. 80014) by the position of inner tube to be visible. Invert the stand back and forth to let the activated  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc coagulate at the tube sidewall evenly.
5. Under the magnetic separation, remove the supernatant without disrupting the activated  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs.

6. Repeat step 1-5.
7. Open the tube cap and heat the  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs at 37 °C for 3 minutes to evaporate the remaining Methanol.
8. Add 200  $\mu$ L **Protein Solution** to the  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc, and vortex the tube for 30 seconds.
9. Mix on a rotator (PlexBio Cat No. 80036) by setting a program at "MODE- U2 and RPM-99" for 30 minutes at room temperature.
10. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs at the bottom.
11. Add 20  $\mu$ L **Rinse Buffer** to the protein coupled  $\pi$ Code mixture, and mix on a rotator using program at "MODE- U2 and RPM-99" for 5 minutes at room temperature.
12. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs at the bottom.
13. Place the tube into the magnetic stand to coagulate  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs to sidewall and remove the bubbles first (if needed) and following by removing the supernatant.
14. Wash the coupled  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc with 200  $\mu$ L **Blocking Buffer**.
15. Vortex for 30 seconds.
16. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs at the bottom.
17. Place the tube into the magnetic stand to coagulate  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs to sidewall and remove the supernatant.
18. Add 200  $\mu$ L **Blocking Buffer** and mix on a rotator using program at "MODE- U2 and RPM-99" for 30 minutes at room temperature.
19. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs at the bottom.
20. Place the tube into the magnetic stand to coagulate  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs to sidewall and remove the supernatant.
21. Wash the coupled  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs with 200  $\mu$ L **Wash Buffer**.
22. Vortex for 30 seconds.
23. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs at the bottom.
24. Place the tube into the magnetic stand to coagulate  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs to sidewall and remove the supernatant.
25. Repeat step 21-24.

26. Add 200  $\mu$ L **Storage Buffer** to make the coupled  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs at 100 MD/ $\mu$ L.
27. Store the coupled  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs at 2-8°C.

### SMALL SCALE PROTEIN COUPLING PROCEDURE (OPTIONAL)

1. Add 200  $\mu$ L **ice-cold 100% Methanol** to reconstitute the pre-activated  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc at 100 MD/ $\mu$ L.
2. Vortex for 30 seconds.
3. Dispense 10 to 20  $\mu$ L to a new 0.5mL screw cap microtube (1,000-2,000 MD/tube).

#### NOTE-

*The unused reconstituted  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc solution can be stored in 100% Methanol at -20°C for up to one week.*

4. Add 100  $\mu$ L **Methanol (100%)** to the tube.
5. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs at the bottom.
6. Place the tube into the magnetic stand (for 0.5mL; Cat No. 80014) by the position of inner tube to be visible. Invert the stand back and forth to let the activated  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc coagulate at the tube sidewall evenly.
7. Under the magnetic separation, remove the supernatant without disrupting the activated  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs.
8. Repeat step 4-7.
9. Open the tube cap and heat the  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs at 37 °C for 3 minutes to evaporate the remaining Methanol.
10. Add 100  $\mu$ L **Protein Solution** to the  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc, and vortex the tube for 30 seconds.
11. Mix on a rotator (PlexBio Cat No. 80036) by setting a program at "MODE- U2 and RPM-99" for 30 minutes at room temperature.
12. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs at the bottom.
13. Add 10  $\mu$ L **Rinse buffer** to the protein coupled  $\pi$ Code mixture, and mix on a rotator using program at "MODE- U2 and RPM-99" for 5 minutes at room temperature.
14. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs at the bottom.
15. Place the tube into the magnetic stand to coagulate  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs to sidewall and remove the bubbles first (if needed) and following by removing the supernatant.

16. Wash the coupled  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc with 100  $\mu$ L **Blocking Buffer**.
17. Vortex for 30 seconds.
18. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs at the bottom.
19. Place the tube into the magnetic stand to coagulate  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs to sidewall and remove the supernatant.
20. Add 100  $\mu$ L **Blocking Buffer** and mix on a rotator using program at "MODE- U2 and RPM-99" for 30 mins at room temperature.
21. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs at the bottom.
22. Place the tube into the magnetic stand to coagulate  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs to sidewall and remove the supernatant.
23. Wash the coupled  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs with 100  $\mu$ L **Wash Buffer**.
24. Vortex for 30 seconds.
25. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs at the bottom.
26. Place the tube into the magnetic stand to coagulate  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs to sidewall and remove the supernatant.
27. Repeat step 23-26.
28. Add 10-20  $\mu$ L **Storage Buffer** to make the  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs at 100 MD / $\mu$ L.
29. Store the  $\pi$ Code MicroDiscs at 2-8°C.

### PROTEIN COUPLING CONFIRMATION PROTOCOL

The targets need to be biotin-labeled prior to assay. Alternatively, biotinylated antibodies can be used to specifically label the target in the subsequent incubation.

The conjugation relies on a covalent bond formed between carboxyl groups on the  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc and amino groups on the surface of the protein. The reaction may alter the activities or the structure of the coupled protein.

The performance of each protein probe used must be validated individually before proceeding to multiplex assay. It is also recommended to assess the coupling efficiency after the coupling process.

1. Prepare a working  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc solution by diluting the coupled  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc stocks to a final concentration of 5 Discs/ $\mu$ L in **Storage Buffer**.

**NOTE:** At least 20  $\mu$ L of the working  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc solution is required for each reaction.

2. Prepare a solution of biotinylated target protein or suitable antibody (depending on coupled protein) in PBS-1% BSA.

**NOTE:** The appropriate concentrations of the biotinylated target protein/antibody for the test depends on the affinities between the coupled protein and its target. For many immunoassays, target concentration of 0.1-5  $\mu$ g/mL is usually a good starting point.

3. Aliquot 20  $\mu$ L of the  $\pi$ Code MicroDisc solution prepared in Step 1 into wells of the plate, respectively.
4. Add 50  $\mu$ L of PBS-1% BSA, into a tested well as a blank sample.
5. Add 50  $\mu$ L of the biotinylated target protein or suitable antibody solution prepared in Step 2 into another tested well.
6. Place the plate into IntelliPlex 1000  $\pi$ Code Processor and build a customized program for following hybridization process. The program should include:
  - Suitable incubation condition for target protein.
  - Wash cycles.
  - SA-PE reaction.

**NOTE:** Please refer to the user manual of IntelliPlex 1000  $\pi$ Code Processor for all necessary information. Contact Plexbio Customer Service if needed.

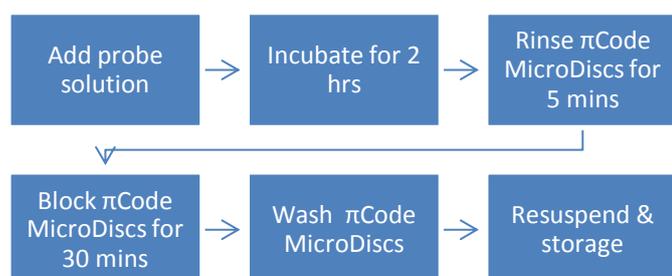
7. Place the plate into PlexBio 100 Fluorescent Analyzer for image recognition and fluorescent signal acquisition.

**NOTE:** Please refer to the user manual of PlexBio 100 Fluorescent Analyzer for all necessary information. Contact Plexbio Customer Service if needed.

## NUCLEIC ACID COUPLING NOTES

- Please make sure that the oligonucleotide (probe) to be coupled is **amine modified**.
- **Probe Solution:**
  - i. Suggested DNA probe concentration for coupling is **3  $\mu\text{M}$  in  $\text{ddH}_2\text{O}$** . The optimal DNA probe concentrations should be determined individually for each DNA probe.
  - ii. The probe solution should be free of sodium azide, glycerol, or any other amine-containing additives.
- The DNA -coupled  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs could be stable up to 12 months in general.
- This protocol is recommended for coupling 20,000  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDisc per vial.

## NUCLEIC ACID COUPLING WORKFLOW



## NUCLEIC ACID COUPLING PROCEDURE

1. Add 200  $\mu\text{L}$  **Probe Solution** into  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDisc, Pre-activated, and vortex the tube for 30 seconds.
2. Mix on a rotator (PlexBio Cat No. 80036) using program at "MODE- U2 and RPM-99" for 2 hours at 37°C (in a lab oven).
3. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs at the bottom.
4. Add 20  $\mu\text{L}$  **Rinse Buffer** to the probe coupled  $\pi\text{Code}$  mixture, and mix on a rotator using program at "MODE- U2 and RPM-99" for 5 minutes at 37°C (in a lab oven).
5. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs at the bottom.
6. Place the tube into the magnetic stand (for 0.5mL; Cat No. 80014) by the position of inner tube to be visible. Invert the stand back and forth to let the activated  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDisc coagulate at the tube sidewall evenly.
7. Under the magnetic separation, remove bubbles first (if needed) and continue to remove supernatant with a transfer pipette without disrupting the activated  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs.
8. Wash the coupled  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDisc with 200  $\mu\text{L}$  **Blocking Buffer**.
9. Vortex for 30 seconds.
10. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs at the bottom.
11. Place the tube into the magnetic stand to coagulate  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs to sidewall and remove the supernatant.
12. Add 200  $\mu\text{L}$  **Blocking Buffer** and mix on a rotator using program at "MODE- U2 and RPM-99" for 30 minutes at 37°C (in a lab oven).
13. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs at the bottom.
14. Place the tube into the magnetic stand to coagulate  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs to sidewall and remove the supernatant.
15. Wash the  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs with 200  $\mu\text{L}$  **Wash Buffer**.
16. Vortex for 30 seconds.
17. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs at the bottom.
18. Place the tube into the magnetic stand to coagulate  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs to sidewall and remove the supernatant.
19. Repeat step 15-18.
20. Add 200  $\mu\text{L}$  **Storage Buffer** to make the  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs at 100 MD/ $\mu\text{L}$ .
21. Store the  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs at 2-8°C.

## SMALL SCALE NUCLEIC ACID COUPLING PROCEDURE (OPTIONAL)

1. Add 200  $\mu\text{L}$  **ice-cold 100% Methanol** to reconstitute Pre-activated  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDisc.
2. Vortex the  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDisc for 30 seconds.
3. Dispense 10 to 20  $\mu\text{L}$  to a new 0.5mL screw cap microtube (1,000-2,000 MD/tube).

### NOTE-

*The unused reconstituted  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDisc solution can be stored in 100% Methanol at  $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  for up to one week.*

4. Add 100  $\mu\text{L}$  **Probe Solution** into the tube, and vortex the tube for 30 seconds.
5. Mix on a rotator using program at "MODE- U2 and RPM-99" for 2 hours at  $37^{\circ}\text{C}$  (in a lab oven).
6. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs at the bottom.
7. Add 10  $\mu\text{L}$  **Rinse Buffer** to the probe coupled  $\pi\text{Code}$  mixture, and mix on a rotator using program at "MODE- U2 and RPM-99" for 5 minutes at  $37^{\circ}\text{C}$  (in a lab oven).
8. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs at the bottom.
9. Place the tube into the magnetic stand (for 0.5mL; Cat No. 80014) by the position of inner tube to be visible. Invert the stand back and forth to let the activated  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDisc coagulate at the tube sidewall evenly.
10. Under the magnetic separation, remove bubbles first (if needed) and continue to remove supernatant with a transfer pipette without disrupting the activated  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs.
11. Wash the coupled  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDisc with 100  $\mu\text{L}$  **Blocking Buffer**.
12. Vortex for 30 seconds.
13. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs at the bottom.
14. Place the tube into the magnetic stand to coagulate  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs to sidewall and remove the supernatant.
15. Add 100  $\mu\text{L}$  **Blocking Buffer** and mix on a rotator using program at "MODE- U2 and RPM-99" for 30 minutes at  $37^{\circ}\text{C}$  (in a lab oven).
16. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs at the bottom.

17. Place the tube into the magnetic stand to coagulate  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs to sidewall and remove the supernatant.
18. Wash the  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs with 100  $\mu\text{L}$  **Wash Buffer**.
19. Vortex for 30 seconds.
20. Briefly centrifuge for 10 seconds to collect all  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs at the bottom.
21. Place the tube into the magnetic stand to coagulate  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs to sidewall and remove the supernatant.
22. Repeat step 18-21.
23. Add 10-20  $\mu\text{L}$  **Storage Buffer** to make the  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs with 100 MD/ $\mu\text{L}$ .
24. Store the  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDiscs at  $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## NUCLEIC ACID COUPLING CONFIRMATION PROTOCOL

The target need to be biotin-labeled to yield fluorescent signal after SA-PE labeling. For PCR-based assay, using biotinylated primers of target sequences allows the amplicons to be biotin-labeled. For other approaches, please consult Plexbio Customer Service.

The performance of each DNA probe used must be validated individually before proceeding to multiplex assay. It is also recommended to assess the coupling efficiency after the coupling process.

1. Prepare a working  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDisc solution by diluting the coupled  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDisc stocks to a final concentration of 5 Discs/ $\mu\text{L}$  in **Storage Buffer**.  
**NOTE:** At least 20  $\mu\text{L}$  of the working  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDisc solution is required for each reaction.
2. Prepare a solution of biotinylated oligonucleotide which is complementary to coupled DNA probe.  
**NOTE:** Concentration may vary depending on the sequence or length. 10nM of biotinylated oligonucleotide in ddH<sub>2</sub>O or TE buffer is usually feasible.
3. Aliquot 20  $\mu\text{L}$  of the  $\pi\text{Code}$  MicroDisc solution prepared in Step 1 into wells of the plate.
4. Add 100  $\mu\text{L}$  of 5xSSPE or SSC into all tested wells.
5. Add 10  $\mu\text{L}$  of ddH<sub>2</sub>O into a tested well as a blank sample.

6. Add 10  $\mu\text{L}$  of biotinylated oligonucleotide solutions prepared in Step 2 into another tested well.
7. Place the plate into IntelliPlex 1000  $\pi\text{Code}$  Processor and build a customized program for following hybridization process. The program should include:
  - Suitable incubation condition for target and probe.
  - Wash cycles.
  - SA-PE reaction.

**NOTE:** Please refer to the user manual of IntelliPlex 1000  $\pi\text{Code}$  Processor for all necessary information. Contact Plexbio Customer Service if needed.

8. Place the plate into PlexBio 100 Fluorescent Analyzer for image recognition and fluorescent signal acquisition.

**NOTE:** Please refer to the user manual of PlexBio 100 Fluorescent Analyzer for all necessary information. Contact Plexbio Customer Service if needed.

## 7. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

The troubleshooting guide listed below addresses possible problem causes and solutions provided during coupling reaction and coupling confirmation.

Problem	Possible Cause	Recommendation
<b>Low Disc Count</b>	$\pi\text{Code}$ MicroDisc were lost during coupling.	Make sure to use the recommended magnetic stand (please see chapter 5.) to collect $\pi\text{Code}$ MicroDisc for all washes.
<b>Low or no MFI signal</b>	The detection target is not biotin-labeled.	Ensure the target is biotin-labeled during reaction. Increase the concentration of biotinylated ingredient. Verify the affinity between probe and biotinylated target.

	Interference in protein/probe solution.	Protein/probe solution should be free of sodium azide, glycerol, or any other amine-containing additives. Dialyze the stock solution if needed.
	Low concentration of protein/probe solution.	Increase the concentration of protein/probe solution to optimize the coupling condition.
	Incorrect temperature of incubation during coupling.	Make sure the incubation is at room temperature for protein and 37°C for nucleic acid during coupling.
<b>High MFI background</b>	Unspecific binding during hybridization	Make sure the materials are not contaminated. Verify the protein/probe design to avoid unspecific binding. Optimize the incubation condition of hybridization.
	Residual of target sample or SA-PE	Perform additional wash cycles. Make sure IntelliPlex 1000 $\pi\text{Code}$ Processor is properly operated and maintained.

## 8. SYMBOLS

Symbol	Explanation	Symbol	Explanation
	Research Use Only		Catalog number
	Batch number		Consult instructions for use
	Manufacturer		Use by Date
	Temperature limitation		Contains sufficient for <n> tests

**Notice to User**

The use of this product along with the associated PlexBio instrumentation is covered by one or more issued (US 9,063,044B2) and pending US and foreign patents owned by PlexBio Co., Ltd. The purchase of this product includes nontransferable rights to use this amount of the product to practice the methods described therein solely for the research and development activities of the purchaser. No general patent or other license, and no right to produce or offer commercial products or services of any kind for a fee or other commercial consideration is granted other than this specific right of use from purchase. For further information on purchasing licenses for other applications can be obtained from PlexBio Co., Ltd. 6F-1, No. 351, Yangguang St., Neihu District, Taipei City 11491, Taiwan.

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